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Fabrication and characterization of colon specific eudragit coated graphene oxide microsphere for sustained delivery of tramadol hydrochloride

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ABSTRACT

Present investigation reports a straight forward method for synthesis of graphene oxide (GO) followed by fabrication of graphene oxide microsphere (GMS) using water in oil (w/o) emulsification technique. For colon specific drug delivery, enteric coating is desirable, which was done using Eudragit S100 and characterized by Fourier transform Infrared Spectroscopy (FTIR). The surface morphology of fabricated microsphere was confirmed using scanning electron microscopy (SEM). Drug loaded microspheres demonstrated a high payload capacity for model drug tramadol hydrochloride (TmH). The comparative *In-vitro* drug release showed around 72.37% release from uncoated microspheres, whereas eudragit coated microspheres retarded the drug release upto 10 h.



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KEYWORDS

Graphene oxide; microsphere fabrication; colon targeted drug delivery system; irritable bowel disease

1. Introduction

An inflammatory Bowel disease (IBD) intensifies in many traumatic conditions such as ulcerative colitis, Crohn's disease, amebiosis, colonic cancer, etc. Specifically, IBD is most common functional disorder in colon region.^[1] Due to many transportation barriers such as acid reach environment in stomach, differential pH condition and larger micro flora in small intestine, therapeutic agent is unable to reach at the colon site.^[2] It seems to be very difficult for

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